

# NERVES ALL ON EDGE.

"So Nervous It Seems as Though I Should Fly."

Dr. Greene's Nervura Makes the Weak Strong, the Sick Well.

How nervous are you? Your nerves are unstrung and seem all on edge. The slightest unusual sound sets your nerves quivering, and you feel as if you would fly to pieces. And with this weak, tired and completely prostrated you feel faint feelings, with sense of extreme weariness and prostration. Possibly your heart palpitates, your limbs tremble and you feel sinking with sense of anxiety or foreboding. Your nerves are weak and unstrung, and the vitality of your blood is low. That is why you do not sleep well at night, feel anxious and depressed, and wake mornings feeling so tired and dragged out, why you have no appetite for breakfast and are without strength, energy and ambition. You need the right medicine—Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and you should take it at once.

Mrs. D. O. Farnall, of Manchester, N. H., writes:

"I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for some time. Last of sleep and appetite were the principal ills caused by my condition. The remedy of a well known physician would cause me to start and it would greatly affect my nerves. Spring in the past how valuable Dr. Greene's Nervura was, I began taking it, and the result was very satisfactory. I took four bottles and I can sleep heartily and my appetite has returned. I feel much better than I have now stopped taking the Nervura."

Mrs. Nettie Butler, 504 Central Ave., Dover, N. H., says:

"I was awfully nervous and at times it seemed as though I should fly. I was all wrapped up and could not sleep at night. I used Dr. Greene's Nervura and it helped me right off. It is the best medicine I ever used."

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy has behind it the famous physician, Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, the most successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous, chronic or lingering diseases.

His great remedy will surely benefit you and you can consult Dr. Greene, whose experience and practice are enormous in just such cases as yours, absolutely free of charge, either by calling at his office or writing him about your case. You should certainly take this best of spring medicines, for you need a spring remedy and now is the best time to be cured.



You can accomplish the most with the least effort by riding the

## Columbia

Bevel Gear CHAINLESS,

Models 59 and 60 for 1899 are entirely new. Price..... \$75.

Columbia Chain, Models 57 and 58.

For scientific design, thoroughness of construction and elegance of finish, these machines are unequalled by any bicycles of the chain type.

Price \$50.

Hartfords, Patterns 19 and 20

Possess every advantage of most bicycles that cost more.

Price \$35,

Vedettes, Patterns 21 and 22.

Best for the money.

Prices, Men's, \$25; Ladies', \$26.

Every feature of these new machines is fully illustrated in our New Catalogue.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Messrs. SHEFF BROS., Columbia Dealers, Wheeling, W. Va.

## MAKES NO NOISE.

New Rapid-Fire gun of France is a Wonder.

NO SMOKE, FLASH OR FLAME

Capable of Destroying a Regiment in one Minute—Would Have a Demoralizing Effect on the Enemy. Noisless Attachment may be Placed on Rifles for Sharpshooters.

France has a brand new rapid-fire artillery gun that makes the climax of field weapons in modern warfare.

It gives no smoke, no flash or flame, and, stranger of all, it makes no noise. Yet this silent gun, says the New York Journal, that can be neither seen nor heard, can shoot twenty times a minute and each time hurl a three-inch projectile containing 250 separate bullets.

In December, 1897, the Journal described the first experiments with a noiseless gun by its inventor, Colonel Guilbert Humbert. Last October the French rapid-fire cannon was illustrated. Now these two devices have been united in a weapon that challenges and defies the world.

This gun, with its mysterious power, is the direct outgrowth of the late Spanish-American war.

There were two wonderful things in the Santiago campaign. One was the smokeless powder of the Spaniards on land. They placed our army at the mercy of an invisible foe.

The other marvel of that campaign belonged to the American side. It was the almost noiseless gun of the dynamite cruiser Vaucluse.

The Spaniards in Santiago said it "coughed" earthquakes. Without any warning report it threw bombs that laid waste acres of forts, houses, and intrenchments, wherever such one fell. The Spaniards feared this more than all the rest of the blockading fleet.

The French artillerymen who accompanied the American army and navy went back to their home government and reported the success of these two destructive forces of this modern war—the gun that shot without noise and those that shot without smoke.

The French inventor, Colonel Guilbert Humbert, had already made a noiseless gun. He again set to work, improved it and applied it to the new French model of cannon. That government adopted his invention.

The leading organ of the French artillery service, the Revue d'Artillerie, from its secret sources of information, gives an account of the performance of Colonel Humbert's new weapon. It declares that recent experiments show that the gun gives no flash or sign of flame. It is practically noiseless, and its explosive gases are made to counteract the recoil.

Yet this wonderful sound-destroying device is so small that it can be put on the end of any modern gun as easily as a sewing machine bobbin can be slipped into place.

The French artillery experts have applied it to their new rapid-firing field gun. By this combination they have the most perfect and destructive gun in the world.

This noise and flame destroying attachment is very simple. It is a tube which is screwed on to the muzzle of a gun. There is but one piece of movable mechanism in it, a hinge valve. When the gun is fired and the projectile leaves the muzzle, the air and flash of gases makes this valve close. This stops the escape of gases in that direction, but they find an outlet in the two little passages in the upper part of the tube. The gases escape from the mouth with such force as to make a recoil, which offsets the recoil of the shot. The flash takes place in the interior passages of the attached tube, and is thus completely hooded.

When Colonel Guilbert Humbert, a retired officer, first brought his invention to the notice of the French ordnance experts, over a year ago, they declined to even test it. Colonel Humbert's reputation for honorable service in the Franco-Prussian and African wars failed to secure him consideration.

It was thought to be an old man's toy. In formally declining it for army use he was politely but ironically given "permission to patent it and make it public."

He did that and made a test of his own. His first trial was on a one and one-half inch Hotchkiss gun. It worked almost perfectly. The firing produced no flame and only a slight hissing sound from the discharge of the gas through the small holes. The recoil was also lessened.

The French ministry of war at once acquired the right to adopt Colonel Humbert's invention.

The Spanish-American war showed the immense advantage of rapid-fire smokeless powder guns. This suggested to the French committee on artillery to apply Colonel Humbert's attachment to their new rapid-fire smokeless powder cannon. The result is the present matchless artillery piece.

An effort is being made to keep the matter a secret, and all French army officers are jealously guarding it. But it has already become known by the mistake of first refusing the invention and allowing Colonel Humbert to get a public patent of it.

It was to solve the problem of noise and flame in a gun he considered the causes of three things.

The noise is due to the sudden expulsion of the gases of the exploded gunpowder following the bullet and the return of the air to the barrel.

The flame is due to the gases being set on fire by the heat. If the barrel could be closed at the moment the projectile left it there could be no noise. This is just what his invention accomplished by its valve arrangement. The flame which came from the mouth of the gun occurred inside the passages of the tube, making it invisible.

The device can also be used on a rifle. It is a secret but that can be ascertained in a minute. But in this case it is a ball instead of a valve that rises and prevents the escape of the gas. Rifles equipped in this way are intended for sharpshooters.

The effect of a battery of noiseless, flameless and smokeless field guns and a company of sharpshooters with rifles of the same sort, would be a demoralizing factor to an enemy for the panic they would be likely to create as for their destructiveness.

Soldiers are trained to fight an enemy they can see, and their blood is fired by the roar of cannon and the flash of their rifles.

But the silent moving down with nothing in sight to fight against would be an uncanny conflict that no army in the world is trained for.

Imagine its effect upon the ignorant and superstitious wild men that the United States is now fighting in the Philippines.

Practical experiments have lately been



Gingham Costume With Simulated Overdress From Harper's Bazar.

A model designed especially for use in wash garments represents a gingham costume with gored over-dress and attached skirt. The latter extends under the over-dress about three and one-half inches, where it is stitched into position. The over-dress is faced with a fitted facing, a pattern of which accompanies the costume pattern. The skirt is circular, but has slight fullness in the back. The waist is tucked vertically down the back in groups of narrowst tucks and similar tucks extend on each side of the front to within a few inches of the centre, where the bodice ends in two long revers. The yoke is of tucked white duck, which is

made by the French milliners at Chalons and is patented at this district. It has been proved that it could destroy an intrenched regiment or a battery in one minute at a distance of four miles.

The gun is loaded with shrapnel shells containing 250 shots each. Twenty of these shots can be fired in a minute. This is an unheard of rate in a gun. The explosive charges which scatter these bullets to mangle like dynamite in strength. In one minute this gun throws 5,000 bullets. Each one of these can kill more than one man at a distance of four miles.

The test which the French officers made of this gun was by setting up a dummy of a regiment. In a single minute almost every one of the thousand wooden figures was shot through in some part.

The gun was placed at a distance of three miles, with wooden posts for artillerymen. A single shot from the silent gun disabled all the guns and blew the wooden posts to pieces.

The new gun was trained on a balloon, half a mile high, and nearly two miles distant. It took three shots to get the balloon, and the fourth shot blew the balloon to pieces. It floated down in mere shreds.

In order to more perfectly obscure the gun it was painted a greenish tint. A nother balloon was sent up to try to discover its location while this firing was going on. But even at an elevation almost directly over the gun the slightest vapor nor flash could be detected. Only when it was wheeled over an open stretch of ground and away from all foliage could the gun itself be seen.

Similar firing tests have been made before on dummy figures and balloons at Chalons. But nothing has ever equaled the destroying power of this new quick-firing gun that can neither be seen nor heard.

New Telephone Combination.

CHICAGO, March 23.—It is announced today by W. T. Blaine, president of the Victor Telephone Manufacturing Company, who is the chief promoter of a new telephone combination which is to become the opponent of the Bell company, that the new company controls twenty of the various interests and is practically complete. Mr. Blaine said that two of the best known financial institutions in the country were back of the movement and that the principals were able to carry out the extensive plans of the organization. The new company was organized for the purpose of supplying telephone apparatus, doing construction and entering the various branches of the service.

London Takes Warning.

LONDON, March 23.—Jesse Collins, parliamentary secretary of the home office, answering a question in the house of commons today, said he understood in view of the destruction by fire of the Windsor hotel, New York City, that the question of the exits and fire escapes of London hotels and mansions would be brought before the London county council.

Croup Instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

## Hacking COUGH

A hacking cough is a grave-yard cough; the sooner you get rid of it the better. Don't wait until it develops into consumption, but use the celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup at once. It is a wonderful remedy for all throat and lung affections, and will cure a deep-seated cough or cold in a few days.

## Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Will cure a Hacking Cough.

so faces the sleeves at the wrist, and forms the shaped cuff which droops over the hand. The bolt is of gingham, shaped and interlined with linen, and stitched on each side. The upper sleeves are diagonally tucked, marked indications for the tucks appearing in the sleeve pattern. The original model from which the design is taken was made for Harper's Bazar, and may be effectively treated in chambray, zephyr, or any of the checked linens. Great care should be exercised in matching the stripes in such materials, especially when bias effects are sought after.

To make this garment for a person of medium size, twelve yards of gingham, twenty-four inches wide, can be required, and a half yard of white duck.

## SIGN POKER PLAYING.

How a Cork Leg Beat Three Aces—A Community Where They can Cards to Save a Good Hand.

Middleton, New York, correspondent: "I've played in some pretty slick poker games," said a well-known local poker sharp last night, "but I never ran against such down-right mean luck as I did a few days ago. I'd been against big hands for two weeks. I ran into a little hum-buck drummer in the hotel dining room. I managed to touch his hump as we came out, and I felt like a new man. We smoked a cigar together, for I was quite willing to buy him a Perfecto under the circumstances. We talked about lots of things, and finally the subject turned to poker. He said he didn't play much, for there were so many slick people in the business that it was pretty hard for a square fellow to win.

"Why," said he, "I sat in a game last trip in Syracuse when two fellows told me of a system they had of pressing feet together to give a signal of the worth of each other's hands. Four pressures meant four of a kind, three pressures three of a kind; one pressure a small pair and two pressures a big pair. Two long pressures, a pause, and a tap on the knee meant a full house, and a crossing, meant a full house, and reversed, a flush. A failure to respond with a tap meant 'I hold a better hand.' They claimed to have it down to a perfect science."

"The next time," dropped into the game in the hotel where I should see seated at the table but the hum-buck. He was intent on the game, and as his clothes were low he had to be to it. No sign of recognition passed between us as the party moved up and let me sit in. I was on his left, and there were four others in the game. Luck continued to run against him, and the good fortune I anticipated from having touched his hump, failed to materialize. I lost \$100 in four hands. Then a fit of devilment seized me, I decided to do a little slick work with the hum-buck's system if he would work in. The cards were dealt out, and Humphrey opened a J. I looked over my cards. I had a ten, a nine, an eight, a seven, and a six. I raised it \$5, and the others staged until the dealer was reached, when he raised it \$10, the limit. Humphrey raised it \$10, and I chipped in another extra \$10. While the dealer was thinking deeply over his hand I slid my foot over on top of Humphrey's and pressed three times good and hard. He raised the dealer's \$10 and he did not respond to it. I knew I had him. I concluded we would go halves at the end of the game, so I tossed my three aces outside and dropped out. The dealer saw his raise and stopped. Humphrey took the good card and the dealer just slid the top card off to himself next. Humphrey bet \$10 and the others laid their hands down. The dealer called, "I've got four hearts," said Humphrey. "Got you beat," replied the dealer. "I've got kings up."

"Good Lord," I glanced at Humphrey, but he did not look up, and I left the table disgusted.

"That night I met Humphrey in the hotel room, and I said to him: 'It's a wonder you wouldn't stand by a friend in hard luck in a poker game. I know we could work that system on those fellows to perfection and whack up after the game.'"

"Well," said he, "why didn't you try it?"

"Why, I did. I almost yelled, 'I had three aces that time, and I tapped your foot three times.'"

"Humphrey thought for a moment, and then broke out laughing.

"You sat on my leg," said he finally, "and this left leg of mine is a sore leg from the knee down. I thought you knew it."

Old poker players in this city tell a good story on a former well-known merchant of this city, who died a few years ago. This man was especially fond of the seductive game of draw, and on one occasion while in a game with four men from Goshen he picked up his hand and found four kings, an ace and a ten-spotted starting him. In the fact they were playing \$2 jackpots, with a \$10 limit, and he needed a new stack of chips badly. He mentally considered

the ten-spot to hades, and when one of the party opened the pot he acted. His \$2 was chipped in off the lean pile as carelessly as could be, and then he laid his hand on the chair between his skin legs, while he picked up a sandwich from the plate which the barkeeper had just brought, and having mustard it as the game progressed slowly, accidentally dropped one slice of the bread in his lap. When he had replaced it he had the ten-spot between the ham and the upper slice of bread, and he took a good bite before picking up his hand to discard. He munched the bread, ham and card completely while he discarded the ace and accepted one card from the dealer. He was a good, big pot, and he never stopped eating until the sandwich was all gone, though it took two steins of beer to down it.

A little later in the game, with a miserable little pile in his hand which he had tried to bluff successfully against a pat flush, he demanded that the cards be counted, claiming that while he did not suspect any one of cheating, he had a feeling that something suspicious. The cards were counted and found to be on short. He shoved his hand out before him, showed that he had but five cards, then pushed them into the deck and demanded that the dealer hand him a new hand. He was refused to those who had put it in, which was done, and the game broke up.

## HENS AND THEIR FRUIT.

Value of Chickens and Eggs Produced Last Year was \$200,000,000.

Chicago Chronicle: P. H. Sprague, a Chicago poultry dealer, read a paper before the farmers' institute at Princeton, Wednesday, in which he stated that the production of chickens in the United States last year reached 3,350,000,000 and of eggs 13,000,000,000. The total value of chickens and eggs produced was \$200,000,000. Accepting these figures as approximately correct, we must conclude that the hen plays an important part in our American life. But we will better understand the relative importance of that part when we come to make some comparisons.

The value of our tobacco crop has rarely been as much as \$40,000,000. The value of our potato crop is less than \$30,000,000 on the average. The value of our barley crop is not often as much as \$20,000,000. An oat crop worth \$200,000,000 is unusual. Our annual output of pig iron has rarely exceeded \$100,000,000 in value. Coal, by far the most valuable of our mineral products, gives a total annual output of some \$200,000,000. Raw cotton, wheat, hay, and corn are the only four products of our country that exceed in value the value of the eggs, according to the above estimate, and cotton sometimes follows the latter in the order of importance, the crop having exceeded the value of the eggs only three times and the highest having been not quite \$210,000,000. The wheat crop has ranged in value from \$215,000,000 to \$315,000,000 and the corn crop from about \$140,000,000 to \$280,000,000. The average value of the hay crop may be stated at about \$200,000,000. From this comparison the importance of the hen, especially in our agricultural economy, will be appreciated.

If Mr. Sprague stated the value of the egg product separately the fact is not reported. It would be interesting to know the value of the egg output. Probably it exceeds the value of any mineral output excepting coal, but not excepting pig iron. Probably, too, it exceeds the value of any farm crop except cotton, wheat, hay, cotton, and oats, and it may even exceed oats. The hen is by no means to be despised.

## THE DREADED ANTHRAX.

TOWANDA, Pa., March 23.—Dr. R. C. How, the representative in Bradford county of the state live stock sanitary board, to-day completed an examination in the case of five cows belonging to a farmer at Monroetown and he pronounced the disease to be the much dreaded anthrax. Five animals, and since March 12, each living but a short time after becoming sick.

## Over a Million to Charity.

BOSTON, March 23.—The will of Edward Austin, of this city, leaving \$1,100,000 to public charity, was admitted to probate here to-day. Some of the heirs at law object to the terms of the will, but a compromise is probable. The will leaves half a million to Harvard college and \$400,000 to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

## NOTHING BUT FACTS.

No Deception in Talking About Morrow's Kid-ne-olds.

The Arguments in Their Favor Come From Those Who Have Tested Their Merit.

There is no deception in anything we publish about Morrow's Kid-ne-olds. All of our statements are facts, and are from people right here in Wheeling. People in all walks of life are using and recommending Morrow's Kid-ne-olds because they cure backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and general debility, in cases where other remedies have failed.

Mrs. Charles A. Taylor, residing at No. 3519 Chapline street, makes the following statement, and says: "I suffered with disordered kidneys and liver for several months. My condition became alarming; the pains across the back and in the loins were terrible, and I could get no rest from them day or night. I would be so nervous and sleepless at night that it would be impossible for me to get any rest, and I would get up in the morning more tired than when going to bed."

"My liver was so bad that my complexion was very yellow, and even the whites of my eyes were yellow. It seemed impossible for me to get anything that would do me any good until I read where Charles R. Goetzke guaranteed Morrow's Kid-ne-olds to cure all disorders of the kidneys, and Morrow's Liverax to cure all liver troubles, and I decided to try them. I got some, and in a short time after I began the treatment the pain disappeared from my back, and my complexion cleared up; the yellow color left my eyes and I have felt well ever since."

Morrow's Kid-ne-olds are not pills, but Yellow Tablets, and are put up in wooden boxes, which contain enough for about two weeks' treatment. They are for sale by Charles R. Goetzke, the druggist. A descriptive booklet will be mailed upon request by John Knowl & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

CHRONIC NASAL CATARRH poisons every breath that is drawn into the lungs. There is no cure but to run any druggist the remedy for the cure of this trouble. A small quantity of Ely's Cream Balm placed into the nostrils soothes, relieves immediately the painful inflammation, cleanses, heals and cures. A cold in the head vanishes immediately. Sold by druggists, or will be mailed for four cents by Ely Brothers, 50 Warren Street, New York.

To Europe.

American-Red Star, White Star, Cunard, French-North German Lloyd and Anchor Lines.

J. G. TOMLINSON Agent.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Want Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

John Friedel & Co.

## TWO CHICAGO SENATORS

Tell a Straight Story About Catarrh and Pe-ru-na.

Chronic catarrh often makes its approach in disguise. Before a person knows it he may become a victim of chronic catarrh. Its onset may be gradual, its development insidious, and at last the victim finds himself in the clutches of a tenacious disease. A slight cold, a tendency to sneeze, a puffiness in the nose and head, fullness or crackling in the ears, stringy mucus in the throat, slight cough or wheeziness, snoring during sleep—any one of these symptoms should be regarded as a warning.

What can be cured in the beginning in a week or two, by using Pe-ru-na, if allowed to become chronic, may require months of faithful treatment. You had better take Pe-ru-na now, for by and by you may be obliged to take it a long time in order to get well. Pe-ru-na is the remedy for catarrh; almost everybody knows it by hearsay, and thousands know it by blessed experience.

Two Senators from the great metropolitan city of Chicago, have something to say in regard to Pe-ru-na.

### Catarrh Seven Years.



HON. JOHN J. MORRISON, (State Senator, 15th District, Chicago, Ill.)

Hon. John J. Morrison, 23 Reaser Block, Chicago, Ill., State Senator from the Fifteenth Senatorial District (city of Chicago), writes: "I can strongly recommend Pe-ru-na. I took the medicine for five months and am now totally cured. I learned of Pe-ru-na through your advertisement. It has been two years since I was cured and I consider my cure durable. It cures when all other remedies fail."

"I beg leave to express for the good of the public my proof with the illustrious catarrh remedy, Pe-ru-na. I was distressed with catarrh for nine years. I tried many remedies without any benefit. My catarrh was located mainly in the head. I applied to several doctors but they were not able to cure me."

Pe-ru-na is not a cure-all. Nothing of the sort is claimed for it; indeed, there is no such medicine. Pe-ru-na cures catarrh wherever located in the body by its specific action on the vaso-motor system of nerves. These nerves control every blood vessel of the body, regulating exactly the amount of blood which is allowed to flow through them.

It is claimed for Pe-ru-na only that it restores the efficient action of the vaso-motor system of nerves. This is all it will do. This is all that it claims to do. But we insist that if it is taken persistently and according to directions that it will do this. But in doing this what a vast multitude of disorders is mitigated, not because Pe-ru-na is a cure-all, but because so many maladies depend upon a single cause. Pe-ru-na is single in its effect.

Dr. Hartman's lectures on "Winter Catarrh" sent free. Address The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

John Friedel & Co.

John Friedel & Co.

## WALL PAPER.

Make Your Home Livable.

You don't know how it'll brighten your rooms up to cover their walls with some of the designs in wall paper which we have. Every design is artistic, and among them are just the combinations you want, to harmonize with your furniture. Prices are exceedingly moderate.



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knows just how to steer a vessel to bring it safely through the shoals and out into the open. Just so the Encyclopedia Britannica is the one absolutely reliable guide for the voyage of life. One cannot go wrong if its teachings are followed. It tells the mistakes men have made; how others have succeeded and why. An intelligent man gets good from the experiences of others and steers clear of the rocks they ran against.

The very presence of the Encyclopedia Britannica in a house gives the place an intellectual tone. A library of thousands of volumes does not offer such an opportunity for successful home study and development as this masterpiece of literature. There is no more instructive reading on earth than that contained in its 30 volumes. To a life whose current runs toward the future, this great work is indispensable. Just now you can secure the

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